Name			

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8.1.7 Extension - ELECTRICAL COMPLETION

Electrical conduction is the movement of electrically charged particles through a transmission medium

<u>Directions</u> - For this activity, you will build a variety of different circuits to demonstrate how electrical conduction works. You will need the Instruction manual to help you build each of the projects. Complete the questions for each project before moving on to the next project. When you are finished, place all circuit parts back into the storage box raise your hand to have the teacher verify all parts are in the original location, then clean up area.

Project #	Diagram of Circuit	Directions and Questions	
		When you place a clip across the	
		terminals as shown in the picture on the left, current	
		flows from the through the	
		resistor, through the LED, and back to the battery.	
		The paper clip completes the	
		and current flows through the LED. Place your fingers	
۵		across the terminals and the LED does not light. Your	
J —		is too high of a resistance to	
CONDUCTION		allow enough current to flow to light the LED. If the	
Compaction		, which is electrical pressure, was	
DETECTOR		higher, current could be pushed through your	
		and the LED would	
		light. This detector can be used to see if a material	
		likeis a good conductor or	
		a poor conductor.	
		1. Explain why the paper clip is a good conductor and	
		your fingers are not.	
		Year migate and mean	
		When you close the switch	
		(S1), current from the	
		batteries through the slide switch (S1), the lamp (L1),	
		motor (M1), and back to the battery (B1). Pretend the	
		2-snap wire marked in the	
		drawing on the left is a device that will	
		the circuit if too much	
		current is taken from the battery. When press switch	
		(S2) is, the light is shorted and motor speed increases due to an	
1./		•	
14 –		in current to the motor. While still holding press switch (S2) down,	
THE FUSE		the 2-snap wire marked	
THE FUSE		fuse and notice how everything stops. Until the fuse	
		is replaced, the open circuit path	
		the electronic parts. If	
		fuses did not exist, many parts could get hot and even	
		fires. Replace the 2-snap wire and	
		the circuit should return to normal.	
		3. What would happen if fuses did not exist?	

Project #	Diagram of Circuit	Directions and Questions
1.6		When you the slide switch (S1), the music integrated circuit (U1) may playing one song then stop. The song will be much than in the previous
16 –		project because it is now being used as an
MOMENTARY		Each time you the press switch "alarm button" (S2) after the song stops playing, the song will play again, but only while you
ALARM		the button down.
		4. How does this project show electrical conduction?
18— LASER GUN		the circuit shown on the left by placing all the parts with a black 1 next to them on the board Then, assemble parts marked with a 2. When you the slide switch (S1), the integrated circuit should start a very loud laser gun sound. This integrated circuit is designed to different sounds that can easily be changed. You can even switch the sound and off quickly to add sound effects to your games or 5. How can you change the sound?
		Turn it on and for any sounds to
34 – MOTOR SPACE SOUNDS		stop then the motor and the sounds play again. Do you know why the motor makes the sound play? Actually, the DC motor is also a DC and when you turn it, the motor a voltage that triggers the sound circuits. 6. How does the circuit use the motor to activate the sound? 7. How is this an example of electrical conduction
58- USING PARTS AS CONDUCTORS		Turn on the switch and